

Human Sexuality

In a time when views of human sexuality and marriage are rapidly changing, we believe it is necessary and helpful to state clearly and compassionately to the Church and the world our beliefs about God’s design for human sexuality. We wish to do so with love toward all as we attempt to imitate God’s love for us.¹ We long for the Church as well as society to conform to biblical standards of sexuality; but our ultimate desire is that, through the gospel, all may come to know Jesus Christ as Savior and Lord of their lives and receive His gift of eternal life. We also know that, having come to believe in Him, we enjoy His blessing by walking with Him according to His Word. We believe the Bible to be God’s Word and that to understand and obey His will leads to the greatest human flourishing.² What follows is what we believe the Scriptures teach and the Christian Church has held to be true since the time of the apostles, and what therefore holds the greatest prospects for human happiness and well-being, even as we strive and long for a time when God will make all things new.³

The Divine Origin and Purpose of Human Sexuality

All men and women are made in the image of God and human sexuality is a gift from God. The Scriptures present a grand vision of husband and wife who are to have intimate fellowship through union with a covenant partner who is both similar (human) and different (opposite sex) leading to fruitful procreation of humanity. In this profound mystery, we discover God’s purposes for our sexuality and how He wills it to be expressed in our union and communion with Him.⁴

The fall of humankind, recorded in Genesis 3, corrupted our nature, and this corrupted nature made us utterly indisposed, disabled, opposite to all good, and wholly inclined to all evil.⁵ We began to distort and misuse the gifts of God to our own demise and entered into the conditions of sin and misery: we desire the good things the wrong way and also desire the wrong things. All of our sinful transgressions emerge from this corrupted nature, and this corruption of our hearts, along with all its impulses, is itself sin.⁶ The Fall also broke our world and everything in it, including our relationships, bodies, and affections, such that we suffer by facing many weaknesses and temptations to sin.⁷

Therefore, because God made us and redeems us, He alone has sovereign authority to define us and to regulate the right ordering of our desires and our sexual practice, and

¹ 1 John 4:10; John 15:12; 1 John 3:10; Ephesians 5:1-2

² Psalm 1; Matthew 4:4

³ Revelation 21:5

⁴ Genesis 2:18-25; Song of Songs; Matthew 5:27-30; 1 Thessalonians 4:1-8

⁵ Genesis 6:5; 8:21; John 3:6; Romans 3:10-19; 5:6; 7:18; 8:7; Colossians 1:21; Westminster Confession of Faith 6.3-4; Westminster Larger Catechism 28

⁶ Matthew 15:19; Ephesians 2:2-3; James 1:14; Westminster Confession of Faith 6.4-5

⁷ Matthew 18:7; Mark 14:38; Romans 8:20; 1 Corinthians 10:12-13; Westminster Confession of Faith 6.6; Westminster Larger Catechism 23; 27-28

1 empowers us to align with His good will.

2

3 Our Father does this through the gracious redemptive work of His Son, Jesus Christ, and the
4 provision of His Holy Spirit, by which He leads us from brokenness and rebellion to a full
5 and beautiful restoration of our relationship with Him and of our human dignity and
6 purpose.⁸ In our union with Christ, our transgressions are pardoned, our corrupted nature
7 is being mortified; we are enabled by His Spirit to recognize, confess, repent, and mortify
8 our sins and flee temptation.⁹ By faith we enjoy now a taste of the consummation for God's
9 purpose: the experience of union and communion with God through the redemption of
10 Jesus and indwelling of the Holy Spirit as the children of the Father. This present
11 inbreaking of the kingdom of God into our lives brings restoration from our condition of sin
12 which includes both an affirmation of marriage and sex along with the validation of the
13 single life. Redeemed sexuality is grounded in God's good creation and looks forward to its
14 eschatological consummation in union and communion with God.

15

16 Until Christ returns, the corrupt nature remains in the regenerate during this life and while
17 pardoned, the corruption itself and all motions proceeding from it remain truly and
18 properly sin.¹⁰ As our king, Jesus corrects us in our sin and supports us in our temptations
19 and sufferings.¹¹ Both our corrupted hearts and our fallen world tempt us to sin: being
20 tempted is an appeal to engage the desires of our hearts to commit sin.¹² We, therefore,
21 must continually repent of our sin, resist every temptation, and renounce every attempt to
22 subvert God's purposes and His commandments concerning our sexuality. We must not
23 enter into temptation, but rather repent of our corrupted hearts, sinful lusts, and indulging
24 temptation.¹³ We have been made alive in Christ by His Spirit, by whom Christ sanctifies us
25 and raises our affections to Himself; therefore we must keep in step with the Spirit,
26 mortifying the passions of the flesh.¹⁴ We acknowledge that any sexual desires apart from
27 God's design for marriage are sinful, arise from our sinfully corrupted nature, and we must
28 repent of them all. We also acknowledge that any temptations to fulfill sexual desire apart
29 from God's design for marriage must be resisted, regardless of how persistent or seemingly
30 innate the temptation or desire is.

31

32 **Confession of Sin**

33 We, as evangelical Presbyterians, readily and sorrowfully confess our manifold violations

⁸ John 10:10; Titus 2:11-14; 3:4-8

⁹ Psalm 1; Matthew 4:4

¹⁰ Proverbs 20:9; Ecclesiastes 7:20; Romans 7:5, 7-8, 14, 17-18; Galatians 5:17; 1 John 1:8-10; James 3:2; Westminster Confession of Faith 6.5; 13.1-3. This is the Reformed doctrine of 'concupiscence'.

¹¹ Psalm 103:13-14; Isaiah 63:9; 2 Corinthians 12:9-10; Romans 8:35-39; Hebrews 12:6-7; Westminster Larger Catechism 45

¹² Matthew 18:7; Mark 14:38; Luke 17:1; 1 Corinthians 7:5; 10:13; 1 Thessalonians 3:5; Hebrews 4:14-15; James 1:12-15; Westminster Confession of Faith 5.5; 17.3; 18.4; Westminster Larger Catechism 77-79; 81; 195

¹³ Matthew 6:13; 26:41; Mark 14:38; Luke 11:4; 22:40, 46; Romans 6:4-6; 1 Corinthians 10:13; Westminster Larger Catechism 167; 195

¹⁴ Romans 6:2-5; Galatians 5:16-25; Colossians 3:1-12; Westminster Confession of Faith 13.1-3; Westminster Larger Catechism 53; 105; 138-139

1 of His Word: as a people, we have engaged in premarital sex, adultery, ungodly divorce,
2 and sexual lusts of every sort, not only before coming to faith in Christ, but also afterward.
3 As churches, we have at times sanctioned unbiblical marriages, violating the expressed
4 will of God revealed in the Scriptures; and we sometimes have self-righteously
5 condemned others for their sexual sins while committing our own. We stand in need of
6 God's forgiveness and power to live holy lives. Our churches desperately need revival and
7 a humble return to godly sexual practice. And so, with humble and repentant hearts, we
8 return to the Lord, and we invite those both inside and outside the Church to join us in
9 seeking God's blessing in our sexual lives.¹⁵

10
11 We believe that the fundamental problems with most contemporary views of sexuality are,
12 first, that the focus is limited to individual pleasure, relational intimacy, and self-fulfillment;
13 second, that biblical marriage is rejected as the exclusive context for sexual intimacy. While
14 the Scriptures teach that human sexuality is indeed a gift for our enjoyment, its primary
15 purpose is to glorify God.¹⁶ Whether young or old, male or female, single or married, all
16 humans are obligated to glorify our Creator in our sexuality through faithful conformity to
17 God's design as revealed in the Scriptures.

18
19 We desire to adhere fully to biblical sexuality. Out of love we remind ourselves and share
20 with others the message of God's judgment upon all forms of sexual immorality.¹⁷ We also
21 believe that there is no place for any form of cruelty, hate or denigration of those who
22 either disagree with these positions or hold to other positions. We unequivocally
23 condemn all injustices, sinful intimidation, and physical violence perpetrated against
24 anyone because of sexual attraction or practice.

25 26 **The Single Life**

27 The New Testament commends the single life.¹⁸ As followers of Jesus, we are bound in
28 spiritual union with Him as Bridegroom, in Whom we are to be complete and content.¹⁹
29 By expressing our maleness or femaleness, even apart from romantic relationships, we
30 enrich human community and contribute to the well-being of society. Single men and
31 women are also given the opportunity to serve the Lord with undivided devotion. They
32 are free, in a particular way, to dedicate their entire lives to the Lord and find their
33 greatest fulfillment in pleasing Him. This was true for our Lord Jesus and for the Apostle
34 Paul, who exemplified and elevated the godly single life. God intends both married and
35 single men and women to live in vibrant community together, rather than isolation and
36 loneliness. In this sacred community of deep and committed friendships, we encourage
37 single persons to live out loving, holy, celibate lives. We in the EPC encourage all our

¹⁵ Psalm 85:4-7; Matthew 7:4-5; Acts 3:19-20

¹⁶ 1 Corinthians 6:20; 10:31; Philippians 1:20

¹⁷ 1 Corinthians 6:9-10; Hebrews 13:4; 1 Peter 4:17; Revelation 21:8; 22:15

¹⁸ 1 Corinthians 7:8, 32-35

¹⁹ John 15:5; Ephesians 5:25, 32; 2 Corinthians 12:9-10

1 churches to nurture holy and missional community among and with single members.

3 **The Married Life**

4 When God created us male and female, He also instituted the ordinance of marriage in
5 which one man and one woman are bound together for life in a solemn covenant, which
6 beautifully illustrates God’s covenantal relationship with His chosen people.²⁰ God’s
7 design for marriage and sex in creation is affirmed by Christ, and God directs His people
8 who marry to wed only fellow believers—those who trust in Jesus Christ alone for
9 salvation and have joined His Church.²¹ It is within the covenant of marriage alone that
10 God—for His own glory, the mutual encouragement of the spouses, procreation, the
11 strengthening of the family, and the welfare of humankind—has instructed husbands and
12 wives to engage in regular, intimate sexual love.²² In this relationship for which sex is
13 uniquely reserved, the married couple seeks to remember, celebrate, and model Christ’s
14 love for His Church and His Church’s devotion to her Lord and to serve one another with
15 godly affection.²³

17 **A Call to Holiness**

18 We believe God has called us to live holy lives.²⁴ The Christian believer’s body is a temple
19 of God’s Spirit;²⁵ therefore rather than stealing sexual privileges from one another outside
20 of marriage, we are called to edify one another in multiple ways that we may all become
21 more like Christ. Those who are married must avoid every temptation that would
22 diminish the loving faithfulness they vowed in their marriage covenant. Those who are
23 unmarried must seek to honor God through diligently avoiding temptation, restraining
24 ungodly sexual impulses, focusing their energies on serving Christ and neighbor, and
25 eagerly anticipating the new heavens and the new earth, when all things will be restored
26 and every godly human longing beautifully fulfilled.²⁶ Those who find themselves desiring
27 to be a person of the opposite sex or gender face painful emotions and weighty
28 consequences. With heartfelt sympathy and a deep desire to love and encourage them in
29 their circumstances, we believe all people must find their contentment in Christ alone,
30 accepting His wise and gracious providence, and looking to Him for strength to glorify
31 Him and to serve his or her neighbor through the sex given at conception.²⁷

32
33 It is encouraging to remember that our Lord Jesus sympathizes with us in our
34 weaknesses because he both suffered when tempted and was tempted in every respect

²⁰ Genesis 2:23-25; Isaiah 61:10-62:5; Matthew 19:3-12

²¹ Malachi 2:10-12; 1 Corinthians 7:39; 2 Corinthians 6:14

²² Proverbs 5:18-21; 1 Corinthians 7:3-5

²³ Ephesians 5:25-33

²⁴ Hebrews 12:14; Ephesians 5:3-5

²⁵ 1 Corinthians 6:18-20

²⁶ Psalm 16:11; Revelation 19:6-9

²⁷ We understand that in rare cases, physiological gender ambiguity at birth calls for special care and wisdom.

1 like us, yet without sin.²⁸ Extended seasons of bodily weakness and sexual temptation
2 may weaken our sense of God’s grace and assurance of salvation, yet God’s Spirit never
3 abandons his children, and our Father always provides His people a way of escape from
4 every sin and temptation.²⁹ Unrepentant sinful behavior and unrepentant lusts are
5 incompatible with the confession of Jesus as Lord required of all members of the EPC.
6 Additionally, it is required of ordained officers in the EPC that they believe, practice, and
7 teach the moral standards contained in the Scriptures and Constitution of the EPC, which
8 are reflected in this position paper.

9 **Recovering from Sexual Brokenness**

11 Because of universal human corruption emanating from the fall of Adam and Eve, we are
12 all broken sexually in one or more ways and to varying degrees.³⁰ We have all sinned, live
13 in a world full of sin and temptation, and yet have been saved by the sheer grace of God in
14 Christ. Therefore, while we call upon fellow sinners everywhere to repent of their sins,³¹
15 we must do so in a spirit of gentleness³², acknowledging it is right and good for us to live
16 in continual personal and corporate repentance, humbly seeking God’s help for ourselves
17 and for our neighbor.³³ Through faith in the crucified and resurrected Jesus, we are
18 forgiven all our sexual sins, washed from their impurity, and given the power of the Holy
19 Spirit to live lives worthy of the gospel setting an example for the watching world and
20 inviting them to join us in walking with Jesus.³⁴

21
22 Those in and out of the Church struggling with various forms of sexual disorientation or
23 gender dysphoria should find God’s people ready to walk lovingly with them in their
24 struggles and to invite them to join us in following the Lord. Together as a people, we
25 must all seek healing for our own lives and for each other’s lives, discovering what it
26 means to be godly men and women in the circumstances decreed by His providence.
27 Glorifying God in our sexual lives will at times entail suffering or persecution of various
28 sorts, but, by God’s empowering grace, we aspire to obey Him with joy.³⁵

29 **The Ministry of the Church**

31 The Church belongs to God.³⁶ He called us out of the dominion of darkness with its sin
32 and degradation into the glorious light of His love.³⁷ He has called us to reflect His glory
33 by displaying His character and proclaiming His Word to ourselves and the world. As
34 repentant and forgiven sinners, we in the Evangelical Presbyterian Church resolve to

²⁸ Hebrews 2:14-18; 4:15-16; Westminster Larger Catechism 48

²⁹ 1 Corinthians 10:13; Philippians 2:12-13; Westminster Larger Catechism 81

³⁰ Romans 3:22b-23

³¹ Acts 17:30

³² Matthew 7:1-5; Romans 2:1; Galatians 6:1-2

³³ 2 Corinthians 7:10

³⁴ Romans 8:1ff.; 1 Peter 2:9-12

³⁵ Romans 5:3-5; 2 Corinthians 4:16-18; James 1:2-4

³⁶ 1 Peter 1:18-19; Ephesians 5:25; 1 Corinthians 6:19-20

³⁷ Colossians 1:13; John 12:46, 1 Peter 2:9-10

1 teach the biblical truths of godly sexuality to our members and to all who will listen,
2 with compassion and with courage, regardless of the cost to ourselves. To do otherwise
3 would be a failure of love. We will strive by God’s grace to discipline our personal lives
4 and our local churches in accordance with God’s Word. God helping us, we shall
5 continue, within our churches and in the public arena, to teach against and to refuse to
6 condone or participate in any sinful form of sexual practice³⁸—including sexual abuse,³⁹
7 pornography,⁴⁰ sexual lust,⁴¹ extra-marital sex,⁴² adultery,⁴³ polygamy,⁴⁴ unbiblical
8 divorce and remarriage,⁴⁵ homosexual conduct,⁴⁶ same-sex union and marriage,⁴⁷ and
9 gender reassignment.⁴⁸ At the same time, we resolve to continue to love those who
10 have committed these sins and suffered from them. And we shall wait with eager
11 longing for the day of our Savior’s return, when all shall be made right with us and the
12 world. In the name of Jesus, our compassionate Savior, we tenderly welcome all—
13 regardless of their beliefs or lifestyles—to attend our churches. Further, we invite into
14 the membership of our churches all those who—bruised and broken by the Fall—seek
15 now, through sincere faith and genuine repentance, to live in obedience to the
16 Scriptures and empowered by the Holy Spirit.
17
18 To God’s Name be glory forever.⁴⁹

³⁸ Romans 13:13, 14; Ephesians 5:3

³⁹ Deuteronomy 22:25-27; Ephesians 5:28-31

⁴⁰ Matthew 5:27-30; Romans 8:5-13; Ephesians 2:3

⁴¹ 1 Thessalonians 4:4-5; Colossians 3:5

⁴² 1 Thessalonians 4:6

⁴³ Exodus 20:14; Leviticus 18:20; Deuteronomy 22:22; Proverbs 6:32; Matthew 5:31-32; 19:9

⁴⁴ Genesis 2:24; Matthew 19:4, 5; 1 Timothy 3:2

⁴⁵ Malachi 2:13-16; Matthew 5:31-32; 1 Corinthians 7:39; 2 Corinthians 6:14.

For more, see the EPC “Position Paper on Divorce and Remarriage.”

⁴⁶ Genesis 19:1-29; Leviticus 18:22; 20:13; Romans 1:26-27; 1 Corinthians 6:9-11; 1 Timothy 1:10; Jude 7

⁴⁷ Matthew 5:13-16; Romans 1:32; 13:3-4; 1 Peter 2:14

⁴⁸ 1 Corinthians 6:12-20; Galatians 5:19-23; Philippians 4:11-13

⁴⁹ The EPC’s “Position Paper on Human Sexuality” was adopted by the 37th General Assembly in June, 2017 and then amended by the 46th General Assembly in June, 2026. The EPC previously held two other Position Papers, on Homosexuality (1986, amended 1994) and on The Sanctity of Marriage (2004). The 35th General Assembly in June, 2015 voted that the “position paper on homosexuality be revised and placed within a revised sanctity of marriage position paper addressing other like items like singleness.” This “Position Paper on Human Sexuality” is the official update and revision of both the older “Position Paper on Homosexuality” and the “Position Paper on The Sanctity of Marriage.” Those older editions are archived by the Office of the General Assembly.